

37-39 GHz GaN Low Noise Amplifier

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Abstract

To address the utilization of the 5G millimeter-wave frequency band, this low noise amplifier (LNA) is designed using the WIN 0.12 μm gate GaN on SiC process. It adopts a 2-stage common-source architecture, operating in the 37-39 GHz frequency range. The LNA achieves a noise figure of 3.8-3.9 dB, a gain of 12-13.5 dB, input/output return losses of <-11 dB / <-25 dB, an OP1dB of 13.6 dBm, an OIP3 of 24.8 dBm, and a compact chip size of $1 \times 1 \text{ mm}^2$.

Implementation

To address the development of 5G millimeter-wave applications, this project designed a 37-39 GHz low noise amplifier (LNA) suitable for the 5G NR (FR2) n260 frequency band (covering 37-40 GHz).

This design utilizes the WIN 0.12 μm depletion mode GaN/SiC HEMT (NP12-01) process, with an f_T of 35 GHz and an f_{max} of 132.5 GHz. Additionally, the GaN HEMT offers higher power handling capabilities.

Circuit design

This LNA adopts a 2-stage common-source architecture. The bias is set to minimize the noise figure (NF) in the first stage and maximize the transconductance (g_m) in the second stage, with V_d set to 10V, I_{d1} to 10mA, I_{d2} to 20mA, and a total power consumption of 0.3W.

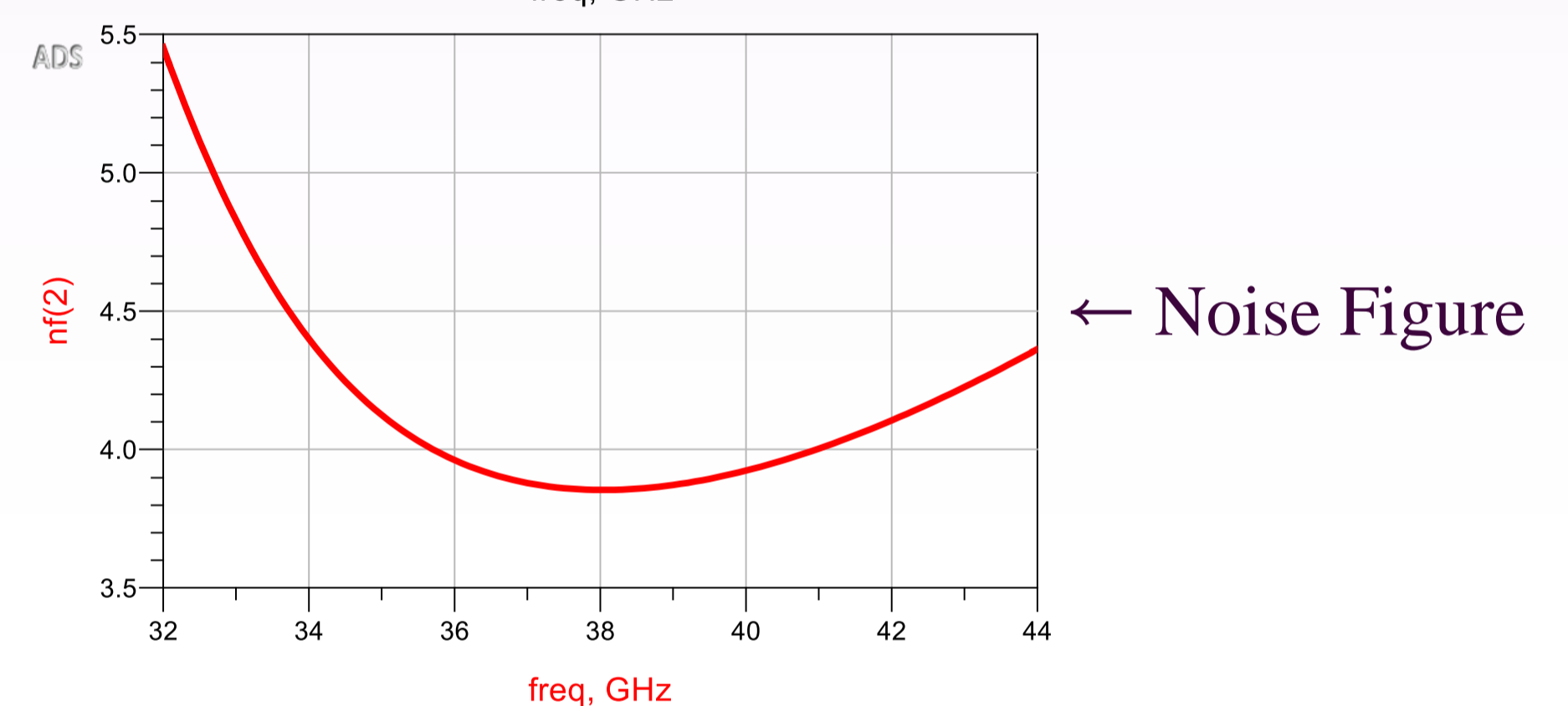
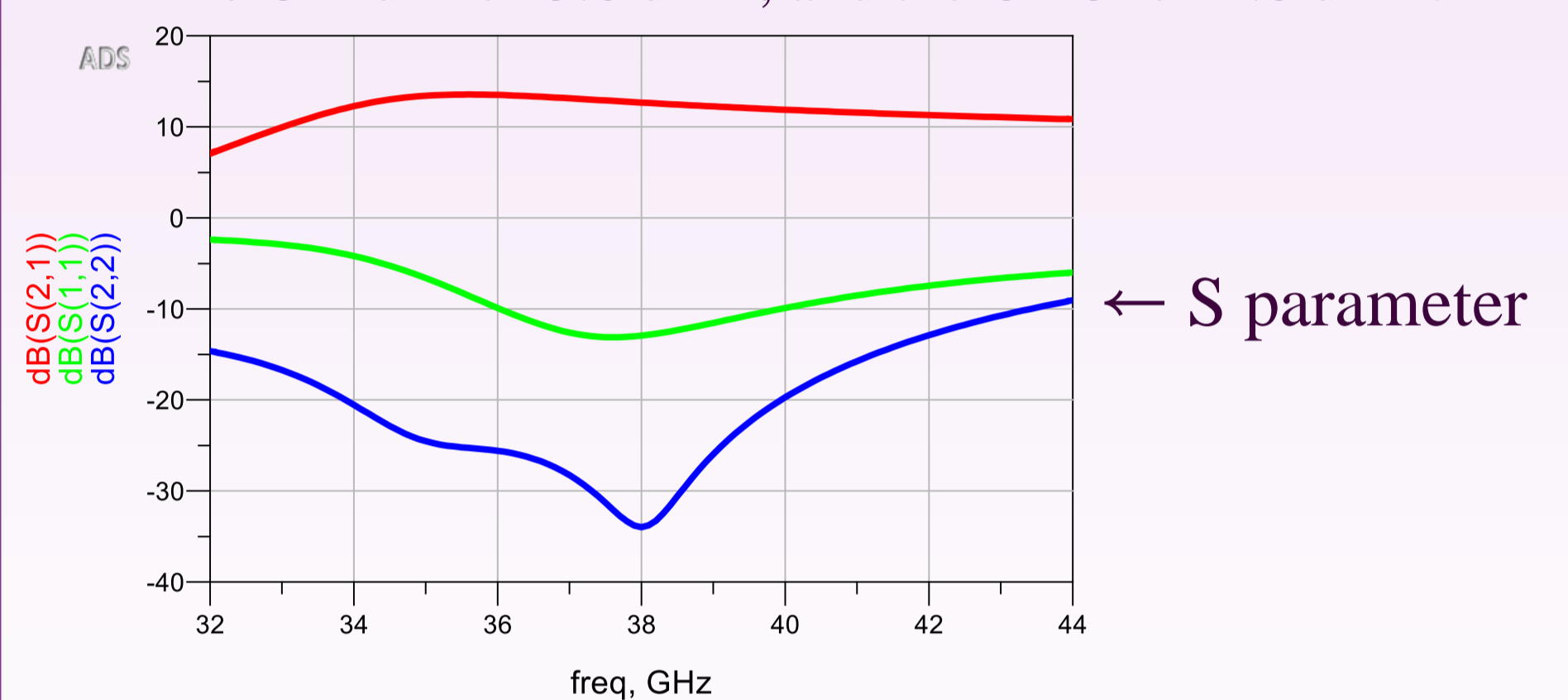
The transmission line width is 10 μm . The gate resistor is sufficiently large (in the $\text{k}\Omega$ range) to enhance robustness. A bypass capacitor is added to absorb noise and improve stability, ensuring the circuit remains unconditionally stable.

The output is matched to 50Ω , while the interstage uses conjugate matching. For input matching and source degeneration, a trade-off is made to achieve an optimal balance between noise figure and gain.

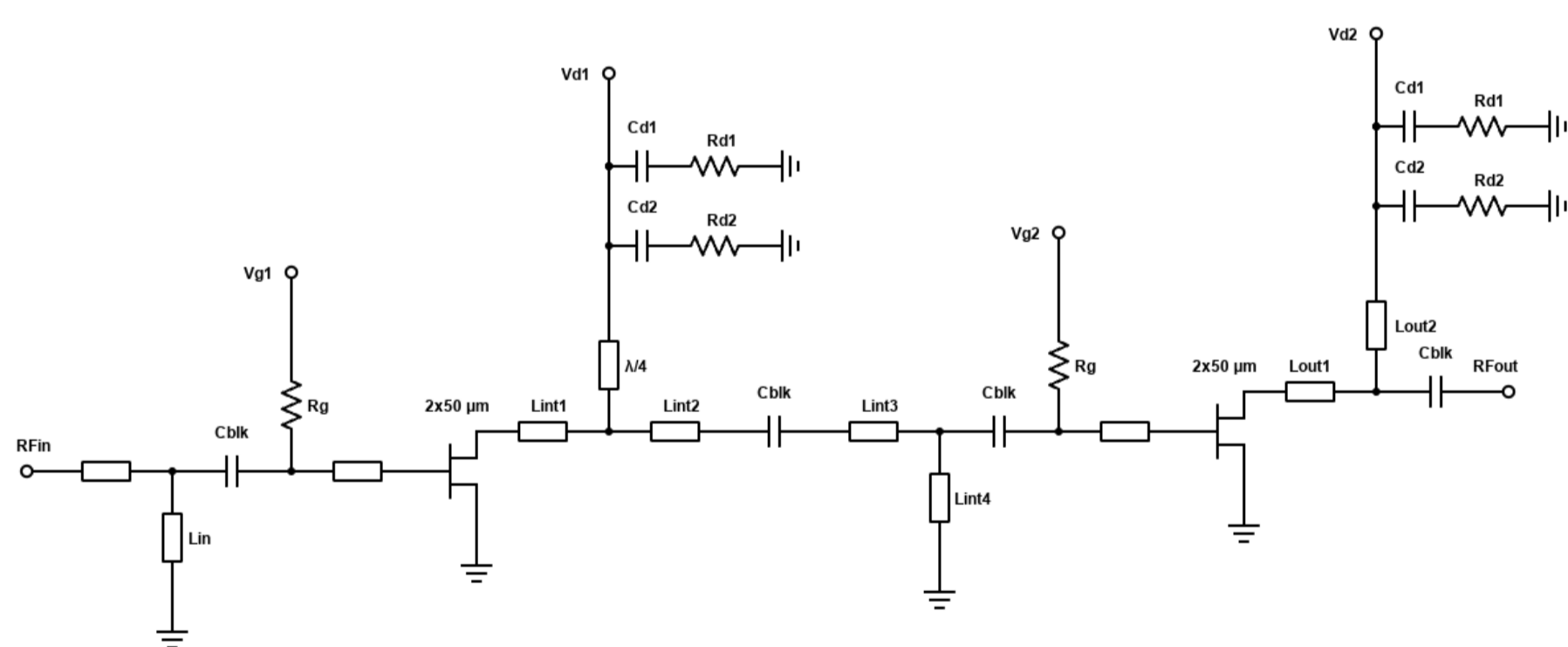
Results

Through electromagnetic simulation, the frequency range is 37-39 GHz:

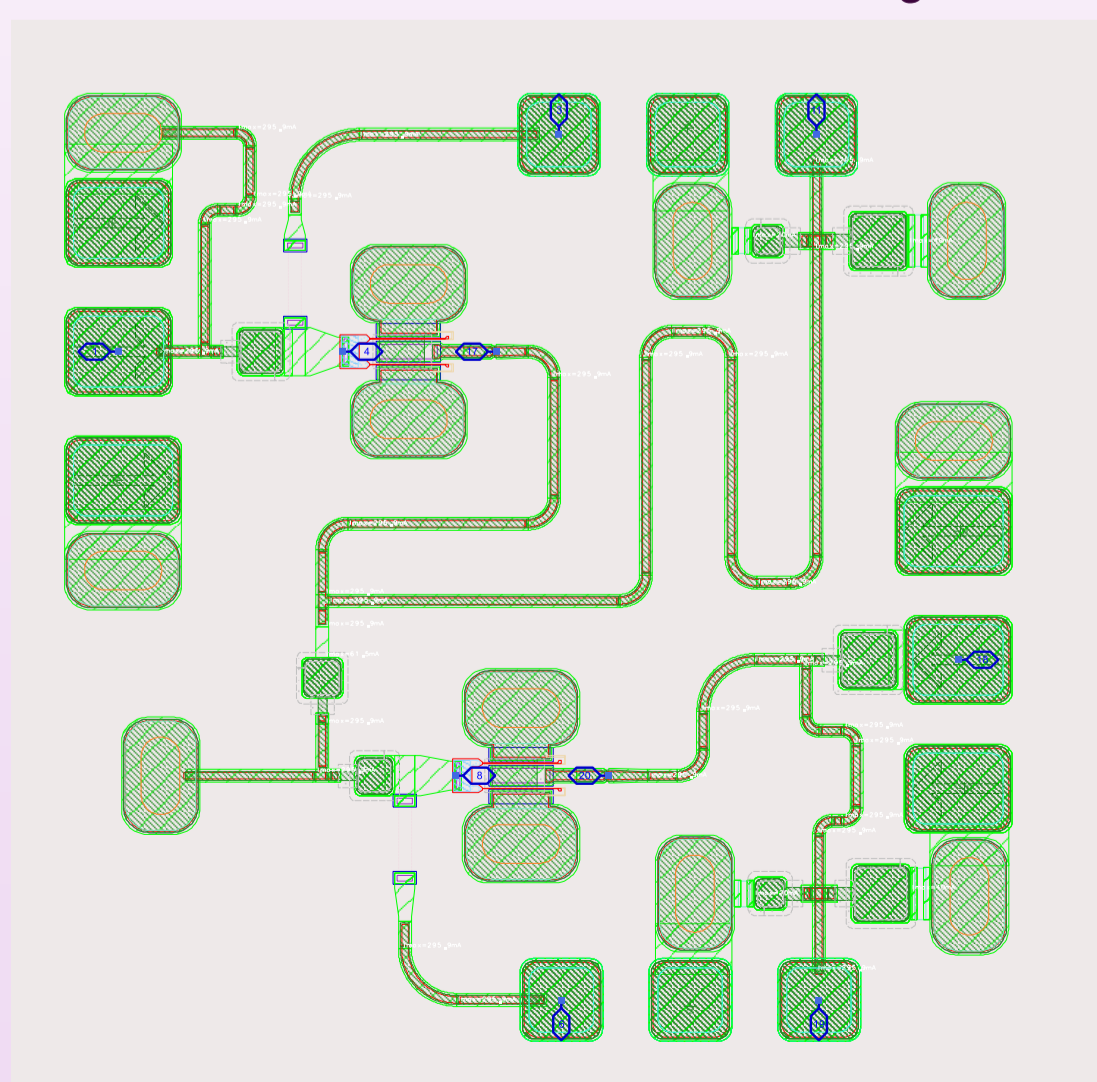
- The S_{21} , or gain, is 12-13.5 dB.
- The S_{11}/S_{22} , or input/output return loss, is $<-11/-25$ dB.
- The $NF(2)$, or noise figure, is 3.8-3.9 dB.
- The OP1dB is 13.6 dBm, and the OIP3 is 24.8 dBm.



Schematic



Layout



- Chip size: $1 \times 1 \text{ mm}^2$
Transistor type: 2x50
- 2 stages
 - Common Source

Comparison Table

Ref.	Technology	Freq. [GHz]	NF [dB]	Gain [dB]	I/O RL [dB]	OP1dB [dBm]	OIP3 [dBm]	DC [W]	Chip size [mm ²]
[1]	0.15um GaN/SiC	25-35	>3	>20	>10	-	-	0.36	3.5x1
[2]	0.15um GaN/Si	35-37	3.7	19.7	>8/14	21.6	-	3	4.34x1.2
[3]	0.15um GaN/SiC	27-31	3.7-3.9	14-20	>10/5	-	-	0.64	3.4x1.2
This Work	0.12um GaN/SiC	37-39	3.8-3.9	12-13.5	>11/25	13.6	24.8	0.3	1x1

Conclusion

Through the design and optimization of the topology, biasing, transmission line width, input/interstage/output matching, gate resistor, bypass capacitor, and source degeneration, this LNA was successfully developed and is suitable for 5G millimeter-wave communication.



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